

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be addressed. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. The second step is to gather relevant information and resources. This may involve researching existing solutions, consulting with experts, or collecting data.

3. The third step is to develop a plan or strategy. This involves breaking down the problem into smaller, manageable tasks and determining the sequence of steps to be taken.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves carrying out the tasks and making adjustments as needed based on feedback and progress.

5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves comparing the outcomes against the original goals and objectives to determine the effectiveness of the solution.

6. The sixth step is to document the process and findings. This involves creating a record of the steps taken, the resources used, and the results achieved.

7. The seventh step is to communicate the results. This involves sharing the findings with the relevant stakeholders and providing recommendations for future actions.

8. The eighth step is to reflect on the process. This involves considering what worked well, what challenges were encountered, and how the process can be improved for future tasks.

9. The ninth step is to conclude the project. This involves finalizing all tasks and ensuring that all objectives have been met.

10. The tenth step is to celebrate the success. This involves acknowledging the efforts of the team and the achievement of the project goals.

Brian J. Sines

1743

[illegible]

| INTERFERENCE SEARCHED | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner |
| 422 | 83, 98 | 11/24/2002 | BJS. |
| 436 | 147, 149, 164 | | |
| 205 | 787 777.5 | | |
| 136 | 201 | | |
| 250 | 332 | | |
| 73 | 23.2 | | |